Recipe Unlimited Corporation

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022 and June 27, 2021

	For the 13 weeks en			ks ended_	F	or the 26 v	vee	ks ended
(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except where otherwise indicated)		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021
, , ,								
Sales (note 6)	\$	289,834	\$	175,526	\$	523,508	\$	340,789
Franchise revenues (note 7)	_	46,739	_	32,108	_	85,706	_	60,912
Total gross revenue	\$	336,573	\$	207,634	\$	609,214	\$	401,701
Cost of inventories sold		(135,018)		(93,294)		(250,122)		(181,568)
Selling, general and administrative expenses (note 8) Reversal of impairment of restaurant assets and lease		(177,090)		(93,587)		(312,388)		(187,802)
receivables, net (notes 12 and 13)		1,408		937		4,178		955
Restructuring and other	_	(136)	_	(1,185)	_	(633)	_	(2,259)
Operating income	\$	25,737	\$	20,505	\$	50,249	\$	31,027
Interest expense and other financing charges (note 9)		(11,814)		(13,758)		(23,541)		(27,277)
Interest and other income (note 9)		6,617		13,339		12,860		19,357
Gain on disposition (note 5)		5,925				5,925		_
Share of (loss) earnings from investment in joint ventures		(4)		(20.4)		7		(20)
(note 14)	•	(4)	_	(394)	<u> </u>	7	<u> </u>	(20)
Earnings before change in fair value and income taxes	Þ	26,461	\$	19,692	\$	45,500	\$	23,087
Change in fair value of non-controlling interest liability (note 18)		_		_		_		(454)
Change in fair value of Exchangeable Keg Partnership units and Keg Royalty Income Fund units		(3,400)		3,925		4,193		14,746
Earnings before income taxes	\$	23,061	\$	23,617	\$	49,693	\$	37,379
Current income tax expense (note 10)		(1,678)		(2,466)		(3,818)		(4,896)
Deferred income tax expense (note 10)		(4,778)		(1,798)		(8,165)		(178)
Net earnings	\$	16,605	\$	19,353	\$	37,710	\$	32,305
Net earnings per share attributable to the Common Shareholders of the Company (note 20) (in dollars) Basic earnings per share	\$	0.28	\$	0.34	\$	0.64	\$	0.57
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.28	\$	0.33	\$	0.64	\$	0.56

For the 13 weeks ended For the 26 weeks ended June 26, June 27, June 26, June 27, 2022 2021 2022 (in thousands of Canadian dollars, except where otherwise indicated) 2021 Net earnings.....\$ 16,605 19,353 37,710 32,305 Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Net defined benefit plan actuarial (loss) gain, net of income taxes (530)3,442 2,836 Items that may be reclassified subsequently to earnings: 326 (99)Cumulative translation adjustment 160 (194)Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income 326 (629)3,602 2,642 16,931 \$ 18,724 \$ 41,312 \$

	1	Attributable	to the Comi	non S	Shareholde	rs of the	Company	7	
(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except where otherwise indicated)	Number of shares (in thousands)	Share capital (note 19)	Merger reserve		ntributed urplus	ot compre	nulated her chensive e (loss)	Deficit	Total equity
Balance at December 26, 2021	58,827	\$637,997	\$(216,728)	\$	13,329	\$	(3,016)	\$ (78,635)	\$ 352,947
Net earnings	_	_	_		_		_	37,710	37,710
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_		_		3,602	_	3,602
Stock options exercised	14	124	_		_		_	_	124
Stock-based compensation	_	_	_		605		_	_	605
	14	124			605		3,602	37,710	42,041
Balance at June 26, 2022	58,841	\$638,121	\$(216,728)	\$	13,934	\$	586	\$ (40,925)	\$ 394,988

	1	Attributable	e to the Comi	mon S	Shareholde	ers of t	he Company	<u> </u>	
(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except where otherwise indicated)	Number of shares (in thousands)	Share capital (note 19)	Merger reserve		ntributed urplus		other prehensive loss	Deficit	Total equity
Balance at December 27, 2020	56,363	\$616,898	\$(216,728)	\$	11,950	\$	(7,238)	\$(121,346)	\$ 283,536
Net earnings	_	_	_		_		_	32,305	32,305
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_		_		2,642	_	2,642
Stock options exercised	244	2,162	_		191		_	_	2,353
Stock-based compensation					207				207
	244	2,162			398		2,642	32,305	37,507
Balance at June 27, 2021	56,607	\$619,060	\$(216,728)	\$	12,348	\$	(4,596)	\$ (89,041)	\$ 321,043

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		As at June 26, 2022	D	As at ecember 26, 2021		As at June 27, 2021
Assets						
Current Assets						
Cash	\$	52,334	\$	42,192	\$	39,689
Accounts receivable (note 23)		80,344		96,379		85,996
Inventories (note 11)		73,041		64,346		56,123
Current taxes receivable		3,169		3,988		13,135
Prepaid expenses and other assets		8,997		7,637		7,382
Current portion of long-term receivables (note 12)		62,702		63,443		67,182
Total Current Assets	\$	280,587	\$	277,985	\$	269,507
Long-term receivables (note 12)		241,644		257,513		287,436
Property, plant and equipment (note 13)		478,852		502,206		519,372
Investment in the Keg Limited Partnership (note 24)		143,370		135,908		133,346
Brands and other assets (note 14)		574,079		586,705		585,357
Goodwill		236,307		236,540		212,305
Deferred tax asset		40,088		49,393		56,231
Non-current Assets		1,714,340	\$	1,768,265	\$	1,794,047
Assets held for sale		, , <u> </u>		, , <u>, </u>		46,059
Total Assets	\$	1,994,927	\$	2,046,250	\$	2,109,613
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	146,738	\$	139,407	\$	127,411
Provisions (note 15)		3,300	4	3,006	Ψ	2,019
Gift card liability		132,828		180,523		139,843
Income taxes payable		1,563		1,309		2,647
Current portion of long-term debt (note 16)		893		893		670
Current portion of lease liabilities (note 17)		107,273		110,947		114,869
Total Current Liabilities		392,595	\$	436,085	\$	387,459
Long-term debt (note 16)		386,617	-	392,970	*	508,072
Note payable to The Keg Royalties Income Fund		57,000		57,000		57,000
Provisions (note 15)		3,467		4,574		4,320
Lease liabilities (note 17)		455,526		492,977		519,012
Other long-term liabilities (note 18)		50,021		57,192		59,266
Deferred gain on sale of The Keg Rights (note 24)		147,268		145,073		145,566
Deferred tax liability		107,445		107,432		105,897
Non-current Liabilities		1,207,344	\$	1,257,218	\$	1,399,133
Liabilities directly associated with the assets held for sale			4		Ψ	1,978
Total Liabilities		1,599,939	\$	1,693,303	\$	1,788,570
Shareholders' Equity						
Common share capital (note 19)	\$	638,121	\$	637,997	\$	619,060
Contributed surplus		13,934	Ψ	13,329	Ψ	12,348
Merger reserve		(216,728)		(216,728)		(216,728)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		586		(3,016)		(4,596)
Deficit		(40,925)		(78,635)		(89,041)
Total Shareholders' Equity		394,988	\$	352,947	\$	321,043
Total Liabilities and Equity Commitments, contingencies and guarantees (note 22)	<u>></u>	1,994,927	\$	2,046,250	\$	2,109,613
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For the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022 and June 27, 2021

The standard form of the sta		F	or the 13 v	veek	s ended				s ended
Net part Net part	(in thousands of Canadian dollars)								
Net carnings				_	2021				2021
Net caraings									
Depreciation and amortization									
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and other assets (96) (1,169) (2,418) (1,271)			,	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and other assets (5,929) (1,169) (2,218) (3,271) Gain on disposition of restaurant and brand assets (5,929) (5,929) (5,929) (7,271) Role so on early buyout/cancellation of equipment rental contracts (5,929) (5,929) (7,271) Reversal of impairment of restaurant assets and lease receivables, net (notes 12 and 13) (1,408) (1,408) (1,407) (2,107) Role signin on settlement of lease liabilities (note 17) (330) (1,47) (2,16) (222) Net lincrest expense on long-term debt and note payable to the Keg Royalties Income Fund (note 9) (5,729) (6,748) (1,108) (3,330) Remeasurement to fair value of pre-existing interests in acquirees expense on lease liabilities & receivables (note 9) (2,43) (2,655) (2,777) (5,076) Stock based compensation (1,649) (2,655) (2,777) (9,070) Change in restructuring provision (1,649) (2,655) (2,777) (9,070) Change in fair value of exchangeable Keg Partnership units and KRIF units (3,000) (3,925) (4,193) (1,4746) Change in fair value of non-controlling interest liability and contingent liability of certain concessions (note 17) (4,141) (4,544) (2,179) Other non-cash operating working capital (note 21) (4,938) (4,932) (4,933) (4,932) (4,933) (4,932) (4,933) (4,932) (4,933) (4,932) (4,933) (4,932) (4,933) (•		-		,		,		-
other assets (96) (1,169) (2,418) (1,271) Gain on disposition of restaurant and brand assets (5,929) — (5,929) — Net loss on early buyout/cancellation of equipment rental contracts 46 — 574 345 Reversal of impairment of restaurant assets and lease receivables, net (notes 12 and 13) (1,408) (937) (4,178) (955) Net loss (gain) on settlement of lease liabilities (note 17) 530 (147) 216 (222) Net interest expense on long-term debt and note payable to the Keg Royalties Income Fund (note 9) 5,729 6,748 11,108 13,390 Share of loss (gain) from investment in joint ventures 4 20 (7 20 Net interest expense on lease liabilities & receivables (note 9) 2,443 2,787 5,205 5,696 Remeasurement to fair value of pre-existing interests in acquirees (7,501) 2,655 4,00 605 2,07 Income taxes paid (1,649) (2,655) (2,777) (9,750) Income taxes paid (1,649) (2,655) (2,777) (1,760)			(466)		(456)		(933)		(911)
Net loss on early buyout/cancellation of equipment renal contracts 46			(06)		(1.160)		(2.418)		(1.271)
Net loss on early buyout/cancellation of equipment renals contracts			` ,		(1,109)				(1,2/1)
Reversal of impairment of restaurant assets and lease receivables, net (notes 12 and 13)			(3,727)				(3,727)		
Net loss (gain) on settlement of lease liabilities (note 17) 530 (147) 216 (222) Net interest expense on long-term debt and note payable to the Keg Royalties Income Fund (note 9) 5,729 6,748 11,08 13,390 Share of loss (gain) from investment in joint ventures 4 20 (7) 20 Net interest expense on lease liabilities & receivables (note 9) 2,443 2,787 5,205 5,696 Remeasurement to fair value of pre-existing interests in acquirees (7,501) - (7,501) Stock based compensation 255 40 605 207 Income taxes paid (1,649) (2,655) (2,777) (9,70) Change in restructuring provision (57) 793 (228) 1,250 Income taxes (note 10) (6,456 4,264 11,983 5,074 Change in fair value of exchangeable Keg Partnership units and KRIF units (1,649) (3,925) (4,193) (14,746) Change in fair value of non-controlling interest liability and contingent liability and contingent liability due to rent concessions (note 17) 411 544 (743) (2,179) Other non-cash items (1,968 (2,721) 911 1,028 Net change in non-cash operating working capital (note 21) 6,954 (6,929) (33,333) (18,821) Cash flows from operating activities (1,968 (2,721) 911 1,028 Investing Activities (1,968 (2,923) (3,923) (3,933) (18,821) Proceeds from divestitures (1,968 (2,923) (3,923) (3,933) (18,821) Proceeds from divestitures (1,968 (2,923) (3,933) (1,948) (3,948) Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment (9,612) (7,203) (1,6129) (1,257) Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment (9,612) (7,203) (1,6129) (1,257) Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equ			46		_		574		345
Net interest expense on long-term debt and note payable to the Keg Royaltites Income Fund (note 9)									
Net interest expense on long-term debt and note payable to the Keg Royalties Income Fund (note 9)			(1,408)		(937)		(4,178)		` /
the Keg Royalties Income Fund (note 9) 5,729 6,748 11,108 13,390 Share of loss (gain) from investment in joint ventures 4 20 (7) 20 Net interest expense on lease liabilities & receivables (note 9) 2,443 2,787 5,205 5,696 Remeasurement to fair value of pre-existing interests in acquirees - (7,501) - (7,501) Stock based compensation 255 40 605 207 Income taxes paid (1649) (2,655) (2,777) (9,070) Change in restructuring provision (67) 793 (228) 1,250 Income taxes (note 10) 6,456 4,264 11,983 5,074 Change in restructuring provision 6,456 4,264 11,983 5,074 Change in fair value of exchangeable Keg Partnership units and KRIF units 3,400 (3,925) (4,193) (14,746) Change in fair value of non-controlling interest liability and contingent liability - - - - - 454 Change in lease liability due to rent concessions (note 17) 411 <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td> <td>530</td> <td></td> <td>(147)</td> <td></td> <td>216</td> <td></td> <td>(222)</td>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		530		(147)		216		(222)
Name of loss (gain) from investment in joint ventures Net interest expense on lease liabilities & receivables (note 9) 2,443 2,787 5,205 5,606 Remeasurement to fair value of pre-existing interests in acquirees 2,443 2,787 5,205 5,606 Remeasurement to fair value of pre-existing interests in acquirees 2,55 40 605 207 Stock based compensation 255 40 605 207 Income taxes paid (1,649) (2,655) (2,777) (9,070) Change in restructuring provision (57) 793 (228) 1,250 Income taxes (note 10) (3,456 4,264 11,983 5,074 Change in fair value of exchangeable Keg Partnership units and KRIF units (3,400 3,925) (4,193) (14,746) Change in lease liability due to rent concessions (note 17) 411 544 (743) (2,179) Other non-cash items (1,968) (2,721) 911 1,028 Net change in non-cash operating working capital (note 21) (6,954 (6,929) (33,333) (18,821) Cash flows from operating activities (1,968) (2,721) (3,133) (18,21) Proceeds from divestitures (13,001 - 13,001 - 14,00			5.700		6.740		11 100		12 200
Net interest expense on lease liabilities & receivables (note 9) Remeasurement to fair value of pre-existing interests in acquirees			,				,		,
Remeasurement to fair value of pre-existing interests in acquirees — (7,501) — (7,501) Stock based compensation 255 40 605 207 Income taxes paid (1,649) (2,655) (2,777) (9,070) Change in restructuring provision (57) 793 (228) 1,250 Income taxes (note 10) 6456 4,264 11,983 5,074 Change in fair value of exchangeable Keg Partnership units and KRIF units 3,400 (3,925) (4,193) (14,746) Change in fair value of non-controlling interest liability and contingent liability of the concessions (note 17) 411 544 (733) (2,179) Other non-cash items (1,968) (2,721) 911 1,028 Net change in non-cash operating working capital (note 21) 6,954 (6,929) (33,333) (18,821) Cash flows from operating activities \$ 54,533 \$ 32,209 \$ 33,803 \$ 18,321 Investing Activities \$ 13,001 — 13,001 — 11,001 — Business acquisitions, net of cash assumed \$ 1,0			-						
Stock based compensation	•		2,443		2,/8/		5,205		5,696
Stock based compensation			_		(7.501)		_		(7.501)
Income taxes paid (1,649) (2,655) (2,777) (9,070) Change in restructuring provision (57) 793 (228) 1,250 (1,250)	1		255		. , ,		605		
Change in restructuring provision (57) 793 (228) 1,250 Income taxes (note 10) 6,456 4,264 11,983 5,074 Change in fair value of exchangeable Keg Partnership units and KRIF units 3,400 (3,925) (4,193) (14,746) Change in fair value of non-controlling interest liability and contingent liability due to rent concessions (note 17) 411 544 (743) (2,179) Other non-cash items (1,968) (2,721) 911 1,028 Net change in non-cash operating working capital (note 21) 6,954 (6,929) (33,333) (18,821) Cash flows from operating activities \$ 54,533 \$ 32,230 \$ 59,832 \$ 5,656 Investing Activities \$ 13,001 — 13,001 — Business acquisitions, net of cash assumed \$ — \$ (19,321) \$ (109) \$ (19,321) Proceeds from divestitures 13,001 — 13,001 — 11,257) Proceeds from divestitures 13,001 — 13,001 — (1,257) Proceeds from divestitures 12,393	-								
Income taxes (note 10)	*		. , ,		. , ,				,
Change in fair value of exchangeable Keg Partnership units and KRIF units 3,400 (3,925) (4,193) (14,746) Change in fair value of non-controlling interest liability and contingent liability — — — — 454 Change in lease liability due to rent concessions (note 17) 411 544 (743) (2,179) Other non-cash operating working capital (note 21) 6,954 (6,929) (33,333) (18,821) Net change in non-cash operating working capital (note 21) 6,954 (6,929) (33,333) (18,821) Cash flows from operating activities 8 54,533 32,230 \$ 59,832 \$ 52,656 Investing Activities Business acquisitions, net of cash assumed \$ — \$ (19,321)			` ,				,		-
Change in fair value of non-controlling interest liability and contingent liability and contingent liability due to rent concessions (note 17)			0,100		1,201		11,705		3,071
Change in fair value of non-controlling interest liability and contingent liability due to rent concessions (note 17) — — — — — — — — — — — — 424 4 (743) 2 (2,179) Other non-cash items (1,968) (2,721) 911 1,028 Net change in non-cash operating working capital (note 21) 6,954 (6,929) (33,333) (18,821) Cash flows from operating activities 8 54,533 32,230 \$ 59,832 \$ 52,656 Investing Activities 8 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	and KRIF units		3,400		(3,925)		(4,193)		(14,746)
Change in lease liability due to rent concessions (note 17) 411 544 (743) (2,179) Other non-cash items (1,968) (2,721) 911 1,028 Net change in non-cash operating working capital (note 21) 6,954 (6,929) (33,333) (18,821) Cash flows from operating activities \$ 54,533 \$ 32,230 \$ 59,832 \$ 52,656 Investing Activities \$ (19,321) \$ (109) \$ (19,321) Business acquisitions, net of cash assumed \$ - \$ (19,321) \$ (109) \$ (19,321) Proceeds from divestitures 13,001 - 13,001 - Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment (9,612) (7,203) (16,129) (11,257) Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment 30 1,833 2,398 1,833 Additions to brands and other assets - - - - (92) Lease payments received 12,393 22,893 19,458 39,802 Change in long-term debt (note 16) \$ 23,000 \$ 15,600 \$ 33,000 <td< td=""><td>Change in fair value of non-controlling interest liability and</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>454</td></td<>	Change in fair value of non-controlling interest liability and		_		_		_		454
Other non-cash items (1,968) (2,721) 911 1,028 Net change in non-cash operating working capital (note 21) 6,954 (6,929) (33,333) (18,821) Cash flows from operating activities \$ 54,533 \$ 32,230 \$ 59,832 \$ 52,656 Investing Activities S \$ (19,321) \$ (109) \$ (19,321) Proceeds from divestitures 13,001 — 13,001 — Purchase of property, plant and equipment (9,612) (7,203) (16,129) (11,257) Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment 30 1,833 2,398 1,833 Additions to brands and other assets — — — — (5) Lease payments received 12,393 22,893 19,458 39,802 Change in long-term cecivables — — (992) — (992) Cash flows from (used in) investing activities \$ 15,812 \$ (2,790) \$ 18,619 \$ 10,060 Financing Activities — \$ 23,000 \$ 15,000 \$ 33,000 <	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		411		544		(743)		(2,179)
Net change in non-cash operating working capital (note 21) 6,954 (6,929) (33,333) (18,821) Cash flows from operating activities \$ 54,533 \$ 32,230 \$ 59,832 \$ 52,656 Investing Activities Business acquisitions, net of cash assumed \$ — \$ (19,321) \$ (109) \$ (19,321) Proceeds from divestitures 13,001 — 13,001 — 13,001 — Purchase of property, plant and equipment (9,612) (7,203) (16,129) (11,257) Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment 30 1,833 2,398 1,833 Additions to brands and other assets — — — — — (5) Lease payments received 12,393 22,893 19,458 39,802 23,902 — (992) Change in long-term receivables — — (992) — (992) Cash flows from (used in) investing activities \$ 15,812 \$ 23,000 \$ 15,000 \$ 33,000 Repayment of long-term debt (note 16) (20,223) (13,000) (20,4	•		(1,968)		(2,721)		` /		
Cash flows from operating activities \$ 54,533 \$ 32,230 \$ 59,832 \$ 52,656 Investing Activities Business acquisitions, net of cash assumed \$ — \$ (19,321) \$ (109) \$ (19,321) Proceeds from divestitures 13,001 — 13,001 — Purchase of property, plant and equipment (9,612) (7,203) (16,129) (11,257) Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment 30 1,833 2,398 1,833 Additions to brands and other assets — — — — — — — — — (5) — — (92) — — (92) Lease payments received 12,393 22,893 19,458 39,802 Change in long-term receivables — — (992) — — (992) — (992) Cash flows from (used in) investing activities \$ 15,812 \$ (2,790) \$ 18,619 \$ 10,060 Financing Activities Issuance of long-term debt (note 16) \$ — \$ 23,000 \$ 15,000 \$ 33,000 Repayment of long-term debt (note 16) (20,223) (13,000) (20,446) (13,000) Issuance of subordinated voting common shares (note 19) — — 2,116	Net change in non-cash operating working capital (note 21)						(33,333)		
Business acquisitions, net of cash assumed \$ — \$ (19,321) \$ (109) \$ (19,321) Proceeds from divestitures 13,001 — 13,001 — Purchase of property, plant and equipment (9,612) (7,203) (16,129) (11,257) Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment 30 1,833 2,398 1,833 Additions to brands and other assets — — — — — (5) Lease payments received 12,393 22,893 19,458 39,802 Change in long-term receivables — — (992) — — (992) Cash flows from (used in) investing activities \$ 15,812 \$ (2,790) \$ 18,619 \$ 10,060 Financing Activities Issuance of long-term debt (note 16) \$ 23,000 \$ 15,000 \$ 33,000 Repayment of long-term debt (note 16) (20,223) (13,000) (20,446) (13,000) Deferred financing costs (note 16) (1,281) (207) (1,281) (666) Issuance of subordinated voting common shares	Cash flows from operating activities	\$	54,533	\$	32,230	\$	59,832	\$	52,656
Business acquisitions, net of cash assumed \$ — \$ (19,321) \$ (109) \$ (19,321) Proceeds from divestitures 13,001 — 13,001 — Purchase of property, plant and equipment (9,612) (7,203) (16,129) (11,257) Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment 30 1,833 2,398 1,833 Additions to brands and other assets — — — — — (5) Lease payments received 12,393 22,893 19,458 39,802 Change in long-term receivables — — (992) — — (992) Cash flows from (used in) investing activities \$ 15,812 \$ (2,790) \$ 18,619 \$ 10,060 Financing Activities Issuance of long-term debt (note 16) \$ 23,000 \$ 15,000 \$ 33,000 Repayment of long-term debt (note 16) (20,223) (13,000) (20,446) (13,000) Deferred financing costs (note 16) (1,281) (207) (1,281) (666) Issuance of subordinated voting common shares	Investing Activities								
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Issuance of long-term debt (note 16) \$ — \$ 23,000 \$ 15,000 \$ 33,000 Repayment of long-term debt (note 16) (20,223) (13,000) (20,446) (13,000) Deferred financing costs (note 16) (1,281) (207) (1,281) (666) Issuance of subordinated voting common shares (note 19) — 2,116 124 2,353 Lease liabilities paid (24,644) (35,877) (50,374) (71,807) Interest paid on long-term debt and note payable (8,822) (9,757) (11,304) (13,482) Cash flows used in financing activities \$ (54,970) \$ (33,725) \$ (68,281) \$ (63,602) Change in cash during the period \$ 15,375 \$ (4,285) \$ 10,170 \$ (886) Foreign currency translation adjustment (120) (170) (28) 36 Cash - Beginning of period 37,079 44,144 42,192 40,539	Financing Activities								
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Foreign currency translation adjustment (120) (170) (28) 36 Cash - Beginning of period 37,079 44,144 42,192 40,539			(54,970)	\$	(33,725)	\$	(68,281)	\$	(63,602)
Foreign currency translation adjustment (120) (170) (28) 36 Cash - Beginning of period 37,079 44,144 42,192 40,539	Change in cash during the period.	\$	15,375	\$	(4,285)	\$	10,170	\$	(886)
Cash - Beginning of period 37,079 44,144 42,192 40,539									
	Cash - End of period	\$	52,334	\$	39,689	\$	52,334	\$	39,689

1 Nature and description of the reporting entity

Recipe Unlimited Corporation is a Canadian Company incorporated under the Ontario Business Corporations Act and is a Canadian full service restaurant operator and franchisor. The Company's restaurant network operates across several countries including Canada, USA, Saudi Arabia, India and the UAE.

The Company's subordinate voting shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the stock symbol "RECP". As part of the Company's initial public offering ("IPO") during fiscal 2015, the Company issued multiple voting shares to Fairfax Financial Holdings Limited and its affiliates ("Fairfax") and to the Phelan family through Cara Holdings Limited and its affiliates ("Cara Holdings", and together with Fairfax, the "Principal Shareholders"). As at June 26, 2022, the Principal Shareholders hold 68.7% of the total issued and outstanding shares and have 97.9% of the voting control attached to all the shares.

The Company's registered office is located at 199 Four Valley Drive, Vaughan, Canada L4K 0B8. Recipe Unlimited Corporation and its controlled subsidiaries are together referred to in these consolidated financial statements as "Recipe" or "the Company".

2 Basis of Presentation

Statement of compliance

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's 2021 audited annual consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes, except for new accounting standards that have been adopted in 2022, as described in note 3.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors ("Board") on August 2, 2022.

Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were prepared on a historical cost basis, except for initial recording of net assets acquired on business combinations, certain financial instruments, liabilities associated with certain stock-based compensation, defined benefit plan assets and liabilities, and certain investments in the Keg Limited Partnership and Keg Royalty Income Fund units, which are stated at fair value. Liabilities associated with employee benefits are stated at actuarially determined present values.

Critical accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make various judgements, estimates and assumptions in applying the Company's accounting policies that affect the reported amounts and disclosures made in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies except those adopted during the 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022 and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 26, 2021.

These judgements and estimates are based on management's historical experience, knowledge of current events and conditions and other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Within the context of these financial statements, a judgement is a decision made by management in respect of the application of an accounting policy, a recognized or unrecognized financial statement amount, and/or note disclosure, following an analysis of relevant information that may include estimates and assumptions.

Estimates and assumptions are used mainly in determining the measurement of balances recognized or disclosed in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements and are based on a set of underlying data that may include management's historical experience, knowledge of current events and conditions and other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Comparative information

Certain of the Company's prior year information was reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

3 Significant accounting policies

Accounting standards implemented in 2022

Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to IAS 37)

On May 14, 2020, the IASB issued *Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to IAS 37)*. The amendments specify which costs are to be included as a cost of fulfilling a contract when determining whether a contract is onerous. The Company adopted this amendment for its annual period beginning December 27, 2021 and it did not have an impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to IAS 16)

On May 14, 2020, the IASB issued *Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use* (Amendments to IAS 16). The amendments provide guidance on the accounting for sale proceeds and the related production costs for items a company produces and sells in the process of making an item of property, plant and equipment available for its intended use. Specifically, proceeds from selling items before the related item of property, plant and equipment is available for use should be recognized in profit or loss. The Company adopted this amendment for its annual period beginning December 27, 2021 and the amendments did not have an impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments to IFRS 3)

On May 14, 2020, the IASB issued *Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments to IFRS 3)*. The amendments update a reference in IFRS 3 to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting without changing the accounting requirements for business combinations. The Company adopted this amendment for its annual period beginning December 27, 2021 and the amendment did not have an impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020

On May 14, 2020, the IASB issued *Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020*. The pronouncement contains amendments to four IFRS as a result of the IASB's annual improvements project. The Company

adopted these amendments for its annual period beginning December 27, 2021 and these amendments did not have an impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

4 Future accounting standards

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to IAS 1)

On January 23, 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, to clarify the classification of liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments removed the requirement for a right to defer settlement or roll over of a liability for at least twelve months to be unconditional. Instead, such a right must have substance and exist at the end of the reporting period. The amendments also clarify how a company classifies a liability which includes a counterparty conversion option. The amendments state that: (i). settlement of a liability includes transferring a company's own equity instruments to the counterparty, and (ii). when classifying liabilities as current or non-current a company can ignore only those conversion options that are recognized as equity. The 2020 amendments are subject to future developments and the IASB has proposed to defer the effective date to no earlier than January 1, 2024. The Company is currently assessing whether the current amendments will have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8)

On February 12, 2021, the IASB issued *Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8)*. The amendments introduce a new definition for accounting estimates, clarifying that they are monetary amounts in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify the relationship between accounting policies and accounting estimates by specifying that a company develops an accounting estimate to achieve the objective set out by an accounting policy. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The Company is currently assessing whether this will have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Disclosure initiative - Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2)

On February 12, 2021, the IASB issued *Disclosure Initiative - Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements)*. The amendments help companies provide useful accounting policy disclosures. The key amendments include: (1) requiring companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies; (2) clarifying that accounting policies related to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions are themselves immaterial and as such need not be disclosed; and (3) clarifying that not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions, other events or conditions are themselves material to a company's financial statements. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The Company is currently assessing whether this will have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction (Amendments to IAS 12)

On May 7, 2021, the IASB issued *Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to IAS 12)*. The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exemption (IRE) so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. As a result, companies will need to recognize a deferred tax asset and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising on initial recognition of a lease and a decommissioning provision. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The Company is currently assessing whether this will have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

5 Divestiture

In June 2022, the Company completed the sale of substantially all of the assets comprising its Prime Pubs brand and restaurants ("Pubs") and its Milestones Whistler. The net assets sold were \$7.7 million, including \$11.1 million related to the Pubs brand intangible asset for cash proceeds of \$13.0 million and a note receivable of \$0.6 million.

The Company remains as a guarantor on the lease arrangements for certain divested Pubs locations and consequently has not derecognized those lease obligations and sublease receivables. The lease obligation balance, which represents the Company's full exposure in those lease arrangements, as well as the related lease receivable, will remain on the Company's balance sheet until landlord approvals to release the Company as guarantor are obtained. The acquirer of the Pubs brand assets has provided a letter of credit as partial security, as well as an unconditional guarantee from its parent company for any payments made by the Company to a landlord as a result of remaining on covenant for these leases.

6 Sales

Sales are made up of the direct sales of prepared food and beverage to customers at company-owned restaurants and from its catering division, sales of St-Hubert, Swiss Chalet, Montana's and The Keg branded and other private label products produced and shipped from the Company's manufacturing plant and distribution centers to retail grocery customers and to its network of St-Hubert restaurants, and revenue from processing off-premise phone, web and mobile orders for franchised locations.

	F	or the 13 v	vee	ks ended	For the 26 weeks ende				
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021	
Sales at corporate restaurants	\$	185,989	\$	84,107	\$	326,577	\$	157,696	
Food processing and distribution sales		94,855		86,364		184,143		172,821	
Catering sales		6,867		950		8,109		2,074	
Call centre service charge revenues		2,123		4,105		4,679		8,198	
	\$	289,834	\$	175,526	\$	523,508	\$	340,789	

7 Franchise revenues

The Company grants license agreements to independent operators ("franchisees"). As part of the license agreements, the franchisees pay franchise fees, marketing fund contributions, conversion fees for established locations, and other payments, which may include payments for royalties, equipment and property rents.

	Fo	or the 13 v	weel	ks ended	Fo	or the 26 v	veel	eeks ended	
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021	
Royalty revenue	\$	27,649	\$	18,499	\$	50,693	\$	34,524	
Marketing fund contributions		16,609		10,754		30,375		21,338	
Other rental income		2,051		2,052		3,897		3,890	
Franchise fees on new and renewal licenses		281		579		420		683	
Income on equipment finance leases		137		209		256		435	
Amortization of unearned conversion fees income		12		15		65		42	
	\$	46,739	\$	32,108	\$	85,706	\$	60,912	

8 Selling, general and administrative expenses

Included in operating income are the following selling, general and administrative expenses.

	F	or the 13 v	vee	ks ended	d For the 26 weeks			ks ended
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021
Corporate restaurant expenses	\$	112,643	\$	56,679	\$	194,160	\$	105,271
Advertising fund transfers		16,609		10,754		30,375		21,338
The Keg royalty expense (note 24)		7,055		2,372		12,723		5,115
Franchise assistance and bad debt		249		426		355		1,281
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		20,958		22,158		42,411		44,493
Amortization of other assets		860		1,006		1,395		2,037
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and other assets Net loss (gain) on settlement of lease liabilities (note		(97)		(1,169)		(2,419)		(1,271)
17)		530		(147)		215		(222)
Other		18,283		1,508		33,173		9,760
	\$	177,090	\$	93,587	\$	312,388	\$	187,802

For the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, \$1.0 million and \$2.0 million (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 - \$1.0 million and \$2.0 million) of depreciation related to property, plant and equipment has been included in cost of inventories sold as part of food processing and distribution.

Government Grants

The Company recognizes government grants when there is reasonable assurance that it will comply with the conditions required to qualify for the grant, and that the grant will be received. The Company recognizes government grants as a reduction to the related selling, general and administrative expenses that the grant is intended to offset. Effective October 24, 2021 to May 7, 2022, the Tourism and Hospitality Recovery Program ("THRP") for wage and rent support apply to eligible organizations whose revenue primarily comes from tourism and hospitality activities and that have experienced a qualifying revenue decline due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

- THRP was made available to the Company and its franchise partners. THRP wage subsidy has replaced the closed Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy. During the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company realized \$0.1 million and \$14.8 million (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 \$20.1 million and \$38.3 million) of wage subsidies for salaries paid to employees in corporate restaurants, food manufacturing and head office locations.
- THRP also provides direct rent relief to eligible applicants. THRP rent subsidy has replaced the Canada Emergency Rent Subsidy program. During the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company realized \$nil and \$2.5 million (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 \$4.4 million and \$8.2 million) of government rent subsidies.
- The Property Tax and Energy Cost Rebate programs introduced by the government of Ontario provides direct property tax and utility cost rebates to business locations that were mandated to close or significantly restrict its services due to provincial public health measures. During the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company realized \$0.2 million and \$1.9 million (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 \$2.2 million and \$6.9 million) of provincial government property tax and energy cost rebates.

9 Interest expense (income) and other financing charges (other income)

	For the 13 weeks ende					d For the 26 weeks ended				
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021		
Interest expense on long-term debt Interest expense on note payable to The Keg Royalties Income Fund Interest on lease obligations (note 17) Financing costs Interest expense - other Interest expense and other financing charges	\$ \$	4,661 1,069 5,808 195 81 11,814	\$	5,679 1,069 6,340 419 251 13,758	\$ \$ \$ \$	8,971 2,138 11,886 374 172 23,541	\$ \$	11,252 2,138 12,918 669 300 27,277		
Interest income on Partnership units and KRIF units Interest income Remeasurement to fair value of pre-existing interests in an acquiree Interest income on leases receivable (note 12) Interest and other income	\$	(3,309) (115) — (3,193) (6,617)	\$	(1,786) (500) (7,501) (3,552) (13,339)	\$	(6,184) (168) — (6,508) (12,860)	\$	(3,630) (1,004) (7,501) (7,222) (19,357)		
Total net interest expense and other financing charges	\$	5,197	\$	419	\$	10,681	\$	7,920		

10 Income taxes

The Company's income tax expense is comprised of the following:

	For the 13 weeks ended					For the 26 weeks ended			
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	_	June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021	
Current income tax expense									
Current period	\$	1,678	\$	2,466	\$	3,818	\$	4,896	
	\$	1,678	\$	2,466	\$	3,818	\$	4,896	
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)									
Benefit from previously unrecognized tax asset	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	(1,136)	
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		4,778		1,798		8,165		1,314	
	\$	4,778	\$	1,798	\$	8,165	\$	178	
Net income tax expense (1)	\$	6,456	\$	4,264	\$	11,983	\$	5,074	

⁽¹⁾ Net income tax expense for the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022 and June 27, 2021 relates to income taxes from operations.

The statutory income tax rate for the period ended June 26, 2022 was 26.4% (June 27, 2021 – 26.3%).

11 Inventories

Inventories consist of food and packaging materials used in St-Hubert's and The Keg's food processing and distribution divisions and food and beverage items for use at the Company's corporately-owned locations and catering divisions. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and estimated net realizable value of corporate restaurant inventory. Costs consist of the cost to purchase, direct labour, an allocation of variable and fixed manufacturing overheads, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to its present location reduced by vendor allowances. The cost of inventories is determined using the first-in, first-out method.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 26, 2022	De	cember 26, 2021	June 27, 2021
Raw materials	\$ 28,533	\$	22,404	\$ 10,558
Work in progress	1,526		1,287	1,077
Finished goods	30,805		28,063	32,180
Food and beverage supplies	 12,177		12,592	 12,308
	\$ 73,041	\$	64,346	\$ 56,123

At June 26, 2022, the Company had a provision of \$0.1 million to reflect inventories at the lower of cost and net realizable value (December 26, 2021 - less than \$0.1 million and June 27, 2021 - \$0.2 million).

12 Long-term receivables

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	 June 26, 2022	De	cember 26, 2021	 June 27, 2021
Lease receivables Franchise receivables Due from related parties	\$ 299,467 3,941 892	\$	314,791 5,356 648	\$ 332,240 7,096 15,035
Promissory notes	46		161	247
	\$ 304,346	\$	320,956	\$ 354,618
Recorded in the consolidated balance sheets as follows: (in thousands of Canadian dollars)	 June 26, 2022	De	cember 26, 2021	June 27, 2021
Current portion of long-term receivables Long-term receivables	\$ 62,702 241,644	\$	63,443 257,513	\$ 67,182 287,436
	\$ 304,346	\$	320,956	\$ 354,618

Lease receivables

Lease receivables are related to the lease liabilities where the Company is on the real estate head lease of its franchised locations and a corresponding sublease contract is entered into between the Company and its franchisees. These subleases are all related to non-consolidated franchisees and are related to the long-term obligation of the franchisees to pay the Company over the term of the lease agreements excluding any unexercised renewal options, as they have not been determined to be certain to be exercised.

The lease receivable balance also includes the receivables relating to certain divested Milestones and Pubs locations where the Company remains as guarantor or is named on the head lease in those lease arrangements. The lease obligation balance, which represents the Company's full exposure in those lease arrangements, as well as the related lease receivables, will remain on the Company's balance sheet until landlord approvals to

release the Company as guarantor are obtained. Consequently, the Company has not derecognized those lease obligations or the related sublease receivables assets.

Lease receivables are reviewed for impairment based on expected losses at each balance sheet date in accordance with IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*. An impairment loss (reversal) is recorded when the credit risk is assessed to have changed for the lease receivables. For the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company recorded a net impairment loss reversal of \$1.0 million and \$3.3 million, respectively (for the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 - \$0.4 million and \$4.1 million net impairment loss reversal) on long-term lease receivables using the expected credit loss model.

Lease receivables have maturity dates ranging from 2022 to 2037 and bear an average effective interest rate of 3.7% to 5.0%.

Lease receivables (in thousands of Canadian dollars)		For the 26 eeks ended ne 26, 2022	 For the 52 eeks ended cember 26, 2021	For the 26 weeks ended		
Balance, beginning of period	\$	314,791	\$ 354,455	\$	354,455	
Additions		1,291	2,853		968	
Lease renewals and modifications		15,127	50,349		7,763	
Lease terminations and assignments		(5,911)	(16,987)			
Payments and amounts payable		(41,052)	(84,159)		(42,219)	
Interest income		6,508	14,041		7,222	
Impairment reversal (loss), net		3,327	(6,713)		4,051	
Other adjustments		5,386	952			
	\$	299,467	\$ 314,791	\$	332,240	

Franchise receivable

In prior years, the Company converted certain corporate restaurants to franchises and sold the restaurants to independent operators ("franchisees"). As part of these conversion agreements, certain franchisees entered into rental agreements to rent certain restaurant assets from the Company. Franchise receivables of \$3.9 million (June 27, 2021 - \$7.1 million) relates primarily to the long-term obligation of the franchisees to pay the Company over the term of the rental agreement which is equal to the term of the license agreement or the term to the expected buyout date assuming that the franchisee is more likely than not to acquire the rented assets from the Company.

Long-term franchise receivables are reviewed for impairment based on expected losses at each balance sheet date. An impairment loss (reversal) is recorded when the credit risk is assessed to have changed for the franchise receivables. For the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company recorded \$nil (for the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 - \$nil) of impairment losses on long-term franchise receivables.

Franchise receivables have maturity dates ranging from 2022 to 2034 and bear average effective interest rates of 8% - 10%.

For the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022 and June 27, 2021

Provision for impairment

For the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company recorded \$1.0 million and \$3.3 million net impairment loss reversal (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 - net impairment loss reversal of \$0.2 million and \$3.5 million) on total long-term receivables.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	we	For the 26 eks ended e 26, 2022	we	For the 52 eks ended ember 26, 2021	we	For the 26 eeks ended the 27, 2021
Balance, beginning of period	\$	50,573	\$	34,082	\$	34,738
Impairment loss related to lease receivables		1,179		16,412		_
Impairment reversal related to lease receivables		(4,506)		(9,871)		(4,222)
Impairment loss related to amounts receivables from equity investees (note 24)		_		9,778		555
Impairment loss related to equipment leases				172		171
Provision for impairment	\$	47,246	\$	50,573	\$	31,242

13 Property, plant and equipment

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	 June 26, 2022	Dec	cember 26, 2021	June 27, 2021
Land	\$ 35,320	\$	35,523	\$ 35,523
Buildings	90,961		93,047	94,821
Equipment	66,554		68,857	69,723
Leasehold improvements	73,442		82,283	79,579
Construction in progress	11,902		7,938	14,662
Right-of-use assets	 200,673		214,558	225,064
	\$ 478,852	\$	502,206	\$ 519,372

Impairment losses and reversals

For the 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company recorded an impairment loss of \$0.2 million on property, plant and equipment (for the 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 - \$3.7 million, in respect of 12 cash generating units "CGUs"). An impairment loss is recorded when the carrying amount of the restaurant location exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is based on the greater of the CGU's fair value less costs to sell ("FVLCS") and its value in use ("VIU").

For the 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company recorded an impairment reversal of \$0.6 million (for the 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 - \$1.2 million, in respect of 1 CGU).

When determining the VIU of a restaurant location, the Company employs a discounted cash flow model for each CGU. The duration of the cash flow projections for individual CGUs varies based on the remaining useful life of the significant asset within the CGU or the remaining lease term of the location. Sales forecasts for cash flows are based on actual operating results, operating budgets and long-term growth rates that were consistent with strategic plans presented to the Company's Board and ranged between 0% and 3%.

14 Brands and other assets

Brands and other assets including re-acquired franchise rights are recorded at their fair value at the date of acquisition. The Company assesses each intangible asset and other assets for legal, regulatory, contractual, competitive or other factors to determine if the useful life is definite. Brands are measured at cost less net accumulated impairment losses and are not amortized as they are considered to have an indefinite useful life. Customer relationships are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	 June 26, 2022	Dec	ember 26, 2021	June 27, 2021
Brands	\$ 518,971	\$	529,831	\$ 525,813
Customer Relationships	53,789		55,563	58,276
Investment in joint ventures (note 24)	1,319		1,311	1,268
	\$ 574,079	\$	586,705	\$ 585,357

As part of the Pubs divestiture, \$11.0 million of brand asset was disposed (see note 5).

15 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when there is a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the obligation can be measured reliably. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risk specific to the liability. Provisions are reviewed on a regular basis and adjusted to reflect management's best current estimates. Due to the judgmental nature of these items, future settlements may differ from amounts recognized.

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	 June 26, 2022	Dece	ember 26, 2021	June 27, 2021
Asset retirement obligations	\$ 4,321	\$	4,768	\$ 4,487
Other	2,446		2,812	1,851
	\$ 6,767	\$	7,580	\$ 6,338
Recorded in the consolidated balance sheets as follows: (in thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 26, 2022	Dec	ember 26, 2021	 June 27, 2021
Provisions-current Provisions-long-term	\$ 3,300 3,467	\$	3,006 4,574	\$ 2,019 4,320
1 TOVISIONS-TONG-TETH	3,407		т,Э/т	4,320

16 Long-term debt

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		June 26, 2022	De	cember 26, 2021		June 27, 2021
Private debt Term credit facility - revolving The Keg credit facilities	\$	250,000 107,323 33,830	\$	250,000 112,323 34,277	\$	250,000 227,323 34,500
Less: financing costs	<u> </u>	391,153 3,643 387,510	<u> </u>	396,600 2,737 393,863	<u> </u>	511,823 3,081 508,742

Recorded in the consolidated balance sheets as follows:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 26, 2022	De	cember 26, 2021	June 27, 2021
Current portion of long-term debt	893		893	670
Long-term portion of long-term debt	386,617		392,970	508,072
	\$ 387,510	\$	393,863	\$ 508,742

Private debt

On May 1, 2019, the Company issued \$250.0 million First Lien 10 year Senior Secured Notes by way of a private placement (the "Notes"). The Notes bear interest from their date of issue at a rate of 4.72% per annum, payable semi-annually and maturing on May 1, 2029. As at June 26, 2022, \$250.0 million (December 26, 2021 - \$250.0 million; June 27, 2021 - \$250.0 million) was outstanding under the Notes.

Term credit facility

On April 14, 2022, the Company amended and extended the terms of its existing syndicated bank credit facility. The New Credit Facility, the sixth amended and restated credit agreement, is comprised of a revolving credit facility in the amount of \$550.0 million with an accordion feature of up to \$250.0 million. The \$550.0 million revolving facility includes a \$400.0 million tranche that would have matured on May 1, 2024 and a \$150.0 million tranche that would have maturing on May 3, 2027 and May 1, 2025, respectively. The \$250.0 million accordion feature is applicable to either tranche. Financing costs of \$1.3 million were paid for this amendment. In addition, the financial covenants that had previously been adjusted for the impact of COVID-19 pandemic and related operating restrictions, have since returned to pre-COVID-19 pandemic terms.

As at June 26, 2022, \$107.3 million (December 26, 2021 - \$112.3 million, June 27, 2021 - \$227.3 million) was drawn under the term credit facility. For the 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the effective interest rate was 4.21% representing bankers acceptance rate of 0.92% plus 1.70% borrowing spread, standby fees and the amortization of deferred financing fees of 1.59%. As at June 26, 2022, the effective interest rate was 4.31%, representing bankers acceptance rate of 1.67% plus 1.70% borrowing spread, standby fees and the amortization of deferred financing fees of 0.94%.

The Company is also required to pay a standby fee of between 0.20% and 0.46% per annum on the undrawn portion of the \$550.0 million revolving facility. As of June 26, 2022, the standby fee rate was 0.34%.

The Keg Credit Facilities

The Company has a revolving credit facility with a syndicate of lenders comprised of a \$55.0 million revolving facility no set term of repayments and a \$5.0 million revolving demand operating facility, maturing on June

30, 2024. As at June 26, 2022, \$22.0 million of this facility has been drawn (December 26, 2021 - \$22.0 million; June 27, 2021 - \$22.0 million).

On September 29, 2020, Keg Restaurants Ltd. ("KRL") borrowed \$12.5 million under BDC Co-Lending Program ("BCAP Loan") from its existing banking syndicate and the BDC jointly. This amount was borrowed to help fund the cash flow needs which have been negatively impacted by the unexpected impact of COVID-19. The BCAP Loan is a non-revolving facility with a five-year term, requires interest only payments for the first year, and bears interest at the prime rate plus 1.5%. Commencing on October 1, 2021, KRL is required to make monthly principal repayment of \$74,000 for the remainder of the BCAP Loan term. KRL has the option to repay any principal amount of this loan at any time, without bonus, premium, or penalty. As of June 26, 2022, \$11.8 million remains outstanding on the BCAP Loan (December 26, 2021 - \$12.3 million; June 27, 2021 - \$12.5 million).

KRL has a revolving demand operating facility of up to \$5.0 million with a Canadian chartered bank, which matures on June 30, 2024 and bears interest at a rate between bank prime and bank prime plus 0.75%, based on certain financial criteria. As at June 26, 2022, KRL meets the criteria for interest at bank prime plus 0.75%. This credit facility is available for general corporate purposes including working capital, overdrafts and letters of credit. As at June 26, 2022, \$2.0 million of this facility has been used to issue letters of credit, and \$3.0 million remains available. As at June 26, 2022, the letters of credit have not been drawn on.

As at June 26, 2022, the Company was in compliance with financial covenants.

Debt repayments

The five-year schedule of repayment of long-term debt is as follows:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026 Thereafter
Private Debt	\$ - \$	— \$	— \$	— \$	- \$ 250,000
Revolving Credit Facility					 \$ 107,323
Keg Credit Facilities		893	22,893	10,044	
Total (1)	\$ — \$	893 \$	22,893 \$	10,044 \$	— \$ 357,323

⁽¹⁾ The total does not reflect any interest payments.

17 Leases

At the initial commencement date, the Company's lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the future lease payments using the Company's incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Lease liabilities

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		For the 26 reeks ended ne 26, 2022	 For the 52 yeeks ended ecember 26, 2021	For the 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021		
Balance, beginning of period	\$	603,924	\$ 669,769	\$	664,723	
Acquisitions					12,560	
Additions		2,305	34,952		1,401	
Lease renewals and modifications		19,520	49,830		23,767	
Lease terminations and assignments		(6,633)	(27,802)		(7,241)	
Net loss (gain) on settlement of lease liability		215	(2,594)		(222)	
Change in lease liability due to rent concessions		(743)	(3,207)		(2,178)	
Other adjustments		(284)	(716)		319	
Interest expense		11,886	25,215		12,918	
Foreign translation adjustment		70	(23)		(359)	
Payments		(67,461)	(141,500)		(71,807)	
Balance, end of period	\$	562,799	\$ 603,924	\$	633,881	
Recorded in the consolidated balance sheets as for	llows	:				
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		June 26, 2022	 ecember 26, 2021		June 27, 2021	
Current portion of lease liabilities	\$	107,273	\$ 110,947	\$	114,869	
Lease liabilities		455,526	492,977		519,012	
	\$	562,799	\$ 603,924	\$	633,881	

18 Other long-term liabilities

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		June 26, 2022	De	cember 26, 2021	June 27, 2021
Accrued pension and other benefit plans	\$	13,610	\$	18,657	\$ 21,089
Non-controlling interest liability		17,364		17,276	20,819
Contingent liability		8,350		8,852	3,389
Deferred income		5,995		7,052	7,570
Deferred rental income		1,163		1,345	2,159
Other long-term liabilities		235		338	2,192
Deferred share units		1,908		1,467	1,536
Restricted share units		3,075		3,815	3,275
	\$	51,700	\$	58,802	\$ 62,029
Liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale				_	(838)
	\$	51,700	\$	58,802	\$ 61,191
Recorded in the consolidated balance sheets as follows:	<u> </u>	01,700	<u> </u>	20,002	 01,171
		June 26, 2022	De	cember 26, 2021	 June 27, 2021
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,679	\$	1,610	\$ 1,925
Other long-term liabilities		50,021		57,192	59,266
	\$	51,700	\$	58,802	\$ 61,191

Accrued pension and other benefit plans

The change in the accrued pension and other benefit plans from December 26, 2021 was primarily a result of an increase in the interest rate assumptions used to discount the Company's defined benefit plan obligations and changes in the market value of the corresponding pension assets during the 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022.

Non-controlling interest liability

In connection with the Original Joe's transaction, a non-controlling interest liability relates to the expected earn-out liability, on a discounted basis, to purchase the remaining 10.8% ownership of Original Joe's Franchise Group Inc. based on meeting certain targets over a period of time. As at June 26, 2022, the Company has recorded \$17.4 million (June 27, 2021 - \$20.8 million) related to non-controlling interest liability.

Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities include contingent consideration in connection with the acquisitions of Fresh Since 1999 and Marigold & Onions representing amounts payable to the former shareholders contingent on certain targets and conditions being met.

For the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company paid \$nil and \$0.5 million (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 - \$nil) and recorded \$nil additions (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 - \$nil) related to contingent liabilities.

Deferred income

Unearned franchise and conversion fee income

At June 26, 2022, the Company had deferred \$2.1 million (December 26, 2021 - \$2.5 million; June 27, 2021 - \$2.3 million) of initial franchise fees and conversion fees received from franchisees that will be recognized over the remaining term of the respective franchise agreements.

Sale-leaseback transactions

At June 26, 2022, the Company had deferred \$0.9 million (December 26, 2021 - \$1.2 million; June 27, 2021 - \$1.4 million) related to gains realized on sale-leaseback transactions.

Covenancy fees

The Company collects covenancy fees from franchisees on subtenant leases. At June 26, 2022, the Company had unearned covenancy fees of \$3.1 million (December 26, 2021 - \$3.3 million; June 27, 2021 - \$3.3 million).

Deferred rental income

In prior years, the Company converted certain corporate restaurants to franchises and sold the restaurants to independent operators ("franchisees"). As part of these conversion agreements, certain franchisees entered into rental agreements to rent certain restaurant assets from the Company. The \$1.2 million balance at June 26, 2022 (December 26, 2021 - \$1.3 million; June 27, 2021 - \$2.2 million) represents the unearned revenue associated with the rental agreements calculated as the present value of the minimum lease payments using an interest rate implicit in the rental agreement.

Restricted share units ("RSUs")

Cash settled RSUs are granted at the beginning of each year and are earned only if certain performance conditions are met. Annual RSU grants vest after 3 years and will be settled for cash. For the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company recognized an expense of \$0.7 million and of \$1.0 million (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 - \$1.0 million and \$1.9 million) and a liability was recorded as part of Other Long-Term Liabilities in the amount of \$3.1 million as at June 26, 2022 (December 26, 2021 - \$3.8 million; June 27, 2021 - \$3.3 million).

19 Share capital

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of two classes of issued and outstanding shares: Subordinate Voting Shares and Multiple Voting Shares (together the "Shares"). The Multiple Voting Shares are held by the Principal Shareholders, either directly or indirectly. Multiple Voting Shares may only be issued to the Principal Shareholders. The Subordinate Voting Shares and the Multiple Voting Shares are substantially identical with the exception of the voting, pre-emptive and conversion rights attached to the Multiple Voting Shares. Each Subordinate Voting Share is entitled to one vote and each Multiple Voting Share is entitled to 25 votes on all matters. The Multiple Voting Shares are convertible into Subordinate Voting Shares on a one-for-one basis at any time at the option of the holders thereof and automatically in certain other circumstances. The holders of Subordinate Voting Shares benefit from "coattail" provisions that give them certain rights in the event of a take-over bid for the Multiple Voting Shares.

Holders of Multiple Voting Shares and Subordinate Voting Shares will be entitled to receive dividends out of the assets of the Company legally available for the payment of dividends at such times and in such amount and form as the Board may determine. The Company will pay dividends thereon on a pari passu basis, if, as and when declared by the Board.

As at June 26, 2022, there were 34,054,824 Multiple Voting Shares and 24,786,198 Subordinate Voting Shares issued and outstanding (June 27, 2021 - 34,054,824 Multiple Voting Shares and 22,551,879 Subordinate Voting Shares).

The following table provides a summary of changes to the Company's share capital:

	Numb	er of Common S (in thousands)	Shares	Share Capital (in thousands of dollars)				
	common common Com		Total Common Shares	Multiple voting common shares	Subordinate voting common shares		Total Share Capital	
Balance at June 27, 2021	34,055	22,552	56,607	\$ 183,297	\$	435,763	\$ 619,060	
Balance at December 26, 2021	34,055	24,772	58,827	183,297		454,700	637,997	
Balance at June 26, 2022	34,055	24,786	58,841	183,297		454,824	638,121	

20 Earnings per share ("EPS")

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net earnings attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of shares issued during the period. Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net earnings attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of shares issued during the period.

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") attributable to Common Shareholders:

		13 weeks ended June 26, 202				13	8 weeks ended J	une 2	27, 2021
	at sha	Net earnings tributable to reholders of ne Company	Weighted average number of shares			Net earnings attributable to shareholders of the Company	average number of		EPS
	(in thous Canadian	ands of n dollars)	(in thousands)			(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	(in thousands)		
Basic	\$	16,605	58,841	\$	0.28	\$ 19,353	56,607	\$	0.34
Diluted.	\$	16,605	59,053	\$	0.28	\$ 19,353	58,160	\$	0.33

	26	weeks ended J	une 2	26, 2022	26	27, 2021		
	Net earnings attributable to shareholders of the Company	Weighted average number of shares EPS		EPS	Net earnings attributable to shareholders of the Company	Weighted average number of shares		EPS
	(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	(in thousands)			(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	(in thousands)		
Basic	\$ 37,710	58,841	\$	0.64	\$ 32,305	56,491	\$	0.57
Diluted .	\$ 37,710	59,057	\$	0.64	\$ 32,305	57,857	\$	0.56

The weighted average number of shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	For the 13 v	veeks ended	For the 26 weeks ended			
	June 26, 2022	June 27, 2021	June 26, 2022	June 27, 2021		
Common shares	58,841,022	56,606,703	58,841,022	56,491,216		
Effect of stock options issued	212,389	1,553,656	215,865	1,365,807		
	59,053,411	58,160,359	59,056,887	57,857,023		

21 Cash flows

The changes in non-cash working capital components, are as follows:

	For the 13 weeks ended				For the 26 weeks ende			
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021
Accounts receivable	\$	8,428	\$	228	\$	16,586	\$	20,148
Inventories		(6,221)		(11,067)		(8,665)		(11,202)
Income taxes receivable (payable)		(1,685)		(66)		(2,746)		(4,062)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		511		137		(1,360)		(198)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		12,809		(1,257)		7,574		(11,743)
Gift card liability		(11,630)		(568)		(47,695)		(20,926)
Income taxes paid		1,649		2,655		2,777		9,070
Change in interest payable		3,093		3,009		196		92
Net change in non-cash operating working capital		6,954	\$	(6,929)	\$	(33,333)	\$	(18,821)

22 Commitments, contingencies and guarantees

The Company is involved in and potentially subject to various claims by third parties arising out of the normal course and conduct of its business including, but not limited to, labour and employment, regulatory, franchisee related and environmental claims. For certain locations that were part of the divestitures of the Milestones and Pubs brands, the Company continues to be a guarantor in the lease arrangements. In addition, the Company is involved in and potentially subject to regular audits from federal and provincial tax authorities relating to income, commodity, government subsidies and capital taxes and as a result of these audits may receive assessments and reassessments.

Although such matters cannot be predicted with certainty, management currently considers the Company's exposure to such claims and litigation, to the extent not covered by the Company's insurance policies or otherwise provided for, not to be material to these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

The Company has outstanding letters of credit amounting to \$2.7 million (June 27, 2021 - \$0.3 million), primarily related to KRL as part of its normal course of business and are covered by its operating credit facility described in note 16.

Indemnification provisions

In addition to the above guarantees, the Company has also provided and the Company receives customary indemnifications in the normal course of business and in connection with business dispositions and acquisitions. These indemnifications include items relating to taxation, litigation or claims that may be suffered by a counterparty as a consequence of the transaction. Until such times as events take place and/or claims are made under these provisions, it is not possible to reasonably determine the amount of liability under these arrangements. Historically, the Company has not made significant payments relating to these types of indemnifications.

23 Financial instruments and risk management

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of losses due to failure of the Company's customers or other counterparties to meet their payment obligations.

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to credit risk from its customers, primarily franchisees, joint ventures, and retail customers of the Company's food manufacturing operations. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of new and existing customers', primarily franchisees, financial condition and reviews the collectability of its trade and long-term accounts receivable in order to mitigate any possible credit losses.

The following is an aging of the Company's accounts receivable, net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts, as at June 26, 2022, December 26, 2021, and June 27, 2021:

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 26, 2022						
- -		Current	> 30 days past due	> 60 days past due	Total		
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	\$	68,058	\$ 8,313	\$	3,973	\$	80,344
Balance as at December 26, 2021 Balance as at June 27, 2021	\$ \$	88,055 66,761	6,358 6,171		1,966 13,064		96,379 85,996

There are no significant impaired accounts receivables that have not been provided for in the allowance. As at June 26, 2022, the Company has an allowance of \$4.4 million (December 26, 2021 - \$5.9 million; June 27, 2021 - \$12.1 million). The Company believes that the allowance sufficiently covers any credit risk related to the accounts receivable balances past due. The remaining amounts past due were not classified as impaired as the past due status was reasonably expected to be remedied.

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of derivative financial instruments is the estimated amount that the Company would receive or pay to terminate the instrument at the reporting date. The fair values have been determined by reference to prices provided by counterparties. The fair values of all derivative financial instruments are recorded in other long-term liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

There were no transfers between classes of the fair value hierarchy during the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022.

The following describes the fair value determinations of financial instruments:

Long-term debt

Fair value (Level 2) is based on the Company's current incremental borrowing rate for similar types of borrowing arrangements. As at June 26, 2022, the fair value of the debt associated with the Company's current financing of \$391.2 million (excluding unamortized financing costs) is approximately \$354.2 million.

Note payable to The Keg Royalties Income Fund

The Company's subsidiary, KRL has the option at any time to transfer its 5,700,000 Class C Partnership units to The Keg Holdings Trust ("KHT"), a subsidiary of The Keg Royalties Income Fund, in consideration for the assumption by KHT of an amount of the note payable equal to \$10.00 for each Class C unit transferred. If KRL transferred all 5,700,000 Class C Partnership units, the entire \$57,000,000 note payable to the Fund

would be extinguished. The carrying amount of the note payable is equivalent to its fair value as at June 26, 2022.

Other financial instruments

Other financial instruments of the Company consist of cash, accounts receivable, franchise receivables, due from related parties, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The carrying amount for these financial instruments approximates fair value due to the short term maturity of these instruments and/or the use of at market interest rates.

24 Related parties

Shareholders

As at June 26, 2022, the Principal Shareholders hold 68.7% of the total issued and outstanding shares and have 97.9% of the voting control attached to all the shares. Cara Holdings holds 21.7% of the total issued and outstanding shares, representing 36.4% voting control. Fairfax holds 47.0% of the total issued and outstanding shares, representing 61.5% voting control.

Fairfax and the Company are parties to a Shared Services and Purchasing Agreement. Under this agreement, Fairfax is authorized to enter into negotiations on behalf of the Company (and Fairfax associated restaurant companies) to source shared services and purchasing arrangements for any aspect of Recipe's operations, including food and beverages, information technology, payment processing, marketing and advertising or other logistics. There were no transactions under this agreement for 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022 and June 27, 2021.

The Company's policy is to conduct all transactions and settle all balances with related parties on market terms and conditions.

Insurance Provider

Certain of Recipe's insurance policies are held by a company that is a subsidiary of Fairfax. As at June 26, 2022, no payments were outstanding.

Investment in The Keg Partnership (the "Partnership") and The Keg Royalties Income Fund ("KRIF")

The Company's equity investment in the Partnership is represented by the investment in The Keg GP Ltd ("KGP"). The value of the equity investment in the Partnership is nominal as substantially all of the cash flows from the Partnership are attributable to the Class C units, and the Class A, B and D Partnership units ("Exchangeable Partnership units" or "Exchangeable units").

Investment in The Keg Royalties Income Fund

The KRIF units held by the Company are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Distributions on KRIF units are recorded as interest income on Partnership and Fund units in the consolidated statement of earnings. During the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company purchased nil KRIF units (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 - nil).

	June 26	5, 2022	December	26, 2021	June 27, 2021		
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)	# of units	Fair Value	# of units	Fair Value	# of units	Fair Value	
Class A Partnership units	905,944	\$ 13,952	905,944	\$ 13,290	905,944	\$ 13,000	
Class B Partnership units	176,700	2,721	176,700	2,592	176,700	2,536	
Class D Partnership units	4,242,386	65,333	4,020,766	58,985	3,970,272	56,973	
Exchangeable unit investment in the Partnership	5,325,030	\$ 82,006	5,103,410	\$ 74,867	5,052,916	\$ 72,509	
Class C unit investment in the							
Partnership	5,700,000	57,000	5,700,000	57,000	5,700,000	57,000	
Investment in the Partnership	11,025,030	\$139,006	10,803,410	\$131,867	10,752,916	\$129,509	
Investment in KRIF units	250,000	3,850	250,000	3,668	250,000	3,588	
Distributions earned on KRIF units.	_	514	_	373	_	249	
	11,275,030	\$143,370	11,053,410	\$135,908	11,002,916	\$133,346	

Exchangeable Unit Investment in the Partnership

The Exchangeable unit investment in the Partnership is comprised of the Exchangeable Partnership units held by the Company, and measured at fair value through profit or loss. The closing market price of a Fund unit as at June 26, 2022 was \$15.40 (December 26, 2021 - \$14.67; June 27, 2021 - \$14.35).

Included in the total 4,242,386 Class D units, are 139,097 notional Class D units that KRL recognized during the 2020 and 2021 fiscal years in exchange for adding net sales to the Royalty Pool on January 1, 2020 and January 1, 2021. Interest income on these notional Class D units have been accrued in the statement of comprehensive income (loss), but no cash distributions will be paid to KRL on these Class D units until such time as the final sales determination is made, and the Class D units are issued to KRL on December 25, 2022, to be effective January 1, 2020 and January 1, 2021, respectively.

Other

As at June 26, 2022, long-term receivables include a non-interest bearing demand note due from a former employee in the amount \$0.2 million (December 26, 2021 - \$0.2 million; June 27, 2021 - \$0.8 million).

As at June 26, 2022, the Company has a \$2.9 million royalty fee payable, to KRIF (December 26, 2021 - \$2.6 million; June 27, 2021 - \$1.3 million) and a \$0.3 million interest payable amount due to KRIF on the Keg Loan (December 26, 2021 and June 27, 2021 - \$0.3 million) included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

As at June 26, 2022, the Company has \$1.4 million in distributions receivable from the Partnership (December 26, 2021 - \$1.3 million; June 27, 2021 - \$0.8 million) related to its ownership of the Class C and Exchangeable Partnership units. These amounts were received from the Partnership when due, subsequent to the above periods.

The Company incurs royalty expense with respect to the license and royalty agreement between the Company and the Partnership. As a result of the common directors on the board of the Company and on the board of The Keg GP, the general partner of the Partnership, the royalty expense is a related party transaction. The Company incurred royalty expense of \$7.1 million and \$12.7 million for the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022 (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 – \$2.4 million and \$5.1 million).

The Company also records investment income on its investment in Exchangeable units of the Partnership, Class C units of the Partnership, and investment in KRIF units which is presented as interest income on Partnership and Fund units in the statements of earnings and comprehensive income. During the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company recorded investment income of \$3.3 million and \$6.1 million related to these units (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 – \$1.9 million and \$3.6 million).

Investment in Original Joe's joint venture companies

The Company has joint venture arrangements with certain Original Joe's franchises. As at June 26, 2022 there was a related party demand loan of \$0.3 million (June 27, 2021 - \$11.5 million) which is secured by restaurant assets of the joint venture company. The demand loan bears interest at 5% and has no specific repayment terms. The Company had term loans with related parties but these were settled in 2021. For the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, the Company charged interest of less than \$0.1 million (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 - \$0.3 million) on the term loan and demand loan.

The Company charges joint venture franchises a royalty and marketing fee of 5% and 2%, respectively, on net sales. As at June 26, 2022 the accounts receivable balance included \$0.4 million (June 27, 2021 - less than \$0.1 million) due from related parties in relation to these royalty and marketing payments. These transactions are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties in accordance with the franchise agreement.

The Company's investment in joint ventures are increased by the proportionate share of income earned. For the 13 and 26 weeks ended June 26, 2022, an increase of less than \$0.1 million (13 and 26 weeks ended June 27, 2021 - \$0.1 million increase) to the investment balance was recorded in relation to the Company's proportionate share of income or loss for the period and included in share of (loss) earnings from investment in joint ventures on the statement of earnings.

All entities above are related by virtue of being under joint control with, or significant influence by, the Company.

25 Segmented information

Recipe divides its operations into the following four business segments: corporate restaurants, franchise restaurants, retail and catering, and central operations.

The Corporate restaurant segment includes the operations of the company-owned restaurants, the proportionate results from the Company's joint venture restaurants from the Original Joe's investment, which generate revenues from the direct sale of prepared food and beverages to consumers.

Franchised restaurants represent the operations of its franchised restaurant network operating under the Company's several brand names from which the Company earns royalties calculated at an agreed upon percentage of franchise and joint venture restaurant sales. Recipe provides financial assistance to certain franchisees and the franchise royalty income reported is net of any assistance being provided.

Retail and catering represent sales of St-Hubert, Swiss Chalet, Montana's and The Keg branded products; and other private label products produced and shipped from the Company's manufacturing plant and distribution centers to retail grocery customers and to its network of St-Hubert restaurants. Catering represents sales and operating expenses related to the Company's catering divisions which operate under the names of The Pickle Barrel and Marigolds & Onions.

Central operations includes sales from call centre services which earn fees from off-premise phone, mobile and web orders processed for corporate and franchised restaurants; income generated from the lease of buildings and certain equipment to franchisees; and the collection of new franchise and franchise renewal fees. Central operations also includes corporate (non-restaurant) expenses which include head office people and non-people

overhead expenses, finance and IT support, occupancy costs, and general and administrative support services offset by vendor purchase allowances and government subsidies. The Company has determined that the allocation of corporate (non-restaurant) revenues and expenses which include finance and IT support, occupancy costs, and general and administrative support services would not reflect how the Company manages the business and has not allocated these revenues and expenses to a specific segment.

The CEO and the CFO are the chief operating decision makers and they regularly review the operations and performance by segment. The CEO and CFO review operating income as a key measure of performance for each segment and to make decisions about the allocation of resources. The accounting policies of the reportable operating segments are the same as those described in the Company's summary of significant accounting policies. Segment results include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

	F	or the 13 v	vee	ks ended	For the 26 weeks ended			
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021		June 26, 2022		June 27, 2021
Gross revenue	_		_				_	
Sales	\$	186,588	\$	87,840	\$	327,744	\$	167,393
Proportionate share of equity accounted joint venture sales		(599)		(3,733)		(1,167)		(9,697)
Sales at corporate restaurants	\$	185,989	\$	84,107	\$	326,577	\$	157,696
Franchise revenues Proportionate share of equity accounted joint venture		27,672		17,661		50,692		34,543
royalty revenue		(23)	_	838	_	1	_	(19)
Royalty revenue	\$	27,649	\$	18,499	\$	50,693	\$	34,524
Retail & Catering		101,722		87,314		192,252		174,895
Central		4,592		6,945		9,252		13,206
Non-allocated revenue		16,621	_	10,769	_	30,440	_	21,380
Total gross revenue	\$	336,573	\$	207,634	\$	609,214	\$	401,701
Operating income (loss)								
Corporate restaurants	\$	9,862	\$	(8,580)	\$	17,905	\$	(13,013)
Franchise restaurants		27,406	Ψ	17,271	Ψ	50,337	Ψ	33,286
Retail & Catering		2,872		5,032		6,471		11,551
Central		(25,068)		(7,334)		(49,911)		(26,657)
Proportionate share of equity accounted joint venture								
results included in corporate and franchise segment		27		(63)		43		682
Non-allocated costs		10,638		14,179		25,404		25,178
	\$	25,737	\$	20,505	\$	50,249	\$	31,027
Depreciation and amortization								
Corporate restaurants	\$	7,964	\$	11,460	\$	15,551	\$	19,001
Retail & Catering		1,406		1,375		2,803		2,870
Central		13,459		11,286		27,461		26,692
	\$	22,829	\$	24,121	\$	45,815	\$	48,563
Capital expenditures								
Corporate restaurants	\$	7,848	\$	5,725	\$	12,612	\$	8,454
Retail & Catering		172		224		212		251
Central		1,589	_	1,254		3,302		2,552
	\$	9,609	\$	7,203	\$	16,126	\$	11,257